

Musculoskeletal Imaging and Intervention Section Procedures CT-Guided Piriformis Muscle Wire Localization

INDICATIONS

• Dr. Hanna does piriformis release procedures for people who have appropriate symptoms that have shown temporary relief following an image-guided piriformis injection

• He needs the piriformis localized and the sciatic nerve mapped

RISKS

• Hematoma • Pain • Infection • Nerve damage

MATERIALS

- 1% lidocaine (for skin numbing); preferably buffered with sodium bicarbonate
- Appropriate length Homer wire localization device

DR. HANNA'S EXPECTATIONS/REQUESTS

• Insert wire directly into piriformis muscle, preferably the lower/caudal/distal margin, near the point at which the sciatic nerve emerges

- Mark out the inferior border of the piriformis
- Mark out the course of the sciatic nerve ~10 cm from the piriformis caudally
- Measurements: skin to gluteus muscles, thickness of gluteal muscles, depth of skin to piriformis, depth of sciatic nerve

TECHNIQUE

1. Place a dilator, with most of the dilator anticipated to be caudal to the piriformis so as to be able to mark out the sciatic nerve as well

- 2. Pre-scans from the top of sciatic notch down to mid femoral head, use 'Standard' kernel, not BonePlus.
- 3. Select the CT slice 1cm above the inferior edge of the piriforms.
- 4. Select shortest path to the sciatic nerve, typically ~30° from lateral to medial.
- 5. Anesthetize down to the deep gluteal space and piriformis muscle.

6. Again, use Standard kernel for CT-fluoro. Place wire loc needle down to just thru the piriformis fascia, aiming for the sciatic nerve

- 7. Deploy the wire with it curving laterally.
- 8. Fix and drape the wire.
- 9. Record the depth from skin to piriformis fascia.

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POTENTIAL PITFALLS

- 1. Piriformis may be thin ant-to-post 1cm above its inferior edge. Deploying the wire laterally reduces the chances of it skewering the sciatic nerve
- 2. Amgad asks that the wire be deployed at least piercing the posterior piriformis fascia
- 3. Pitfall: using BonePlus kernel cannot see the sciatic nerve well. Not using enough kV & mA
- 4. Aim to the sciatic nerve, not the vessels that run in a similar course but medial to the sciatic nerve.